

**NOAH HOLDINGS LIMITED**  
**AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER**

**(Adopted by the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Noah Holdings Limited (the “Company”) on October 19, 2010, effective on November 9, 2010 and amended by the Board on May 10, 2019)**

**I. PURPOSE OF THE COMMITTEE**

The purpose of the Audit Committee (the “Committee”) of the Board, at a minimum, must be to represent and assist the Board in discharging its oversight responsibility relating to: (a) the accounting and financial reporting processes of the Company and its subsidiaries, including the audits of the Company’s financial statements and the integrity of the financial statements; (b) the Company’s compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (c) the outside auditor’s qualifications and independence; and (d) the performance of the Company’s internal audit function and the Company’s outside auditor.

**II. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMITTEE**

The Committee shall consist of two or more directors as determined from time to time by the Board on the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Each member of the Committee shall be qualified to serve on the Committee pursuant to Rule 10A-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (including the exemptions thereunder), the requirements of the New York Stock Exchange (the “NYSE”) and any additional requirements that the Board deems appropriate.

The chairperson of the Committee shall be designated by the Board, *provided* that if the Board does not so designate a chairperson, the members of the Committee, by a majority vote, may designate a chairperson.. Any vacancy on the Committee shall be filled by majority vote of the Board. No member of the Committee shall be removed except by majority vote of the Board.

Each member of the Committee must be financially literate, as such qualification is interpreted by the Board in its business judgment, or must become financially literate within a reasonable period of time after his or her appointment to the Committee. In addition, at least one member of the Committee must be designated by the Board to be the “audit committee financial expert”, as defined by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) pursuant to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the “Act”).

**III. MEETINGS OF THE COMMITTEE**

The Committee shall meet as often as it determines necessary to carry out its duties and responsibilities, but no less frequently than once every fiscal quarter. The Committee will meet separately in executive session, periodically, with each of management, the principal internal auditor of the Company, and the outside auditor. The Committee will report regularly to the full Board with respect to its activities.

A majority of the members of the Committee present in person or by means of a conference telephone or other communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other shall constitute a quorum.

The Committee shall maintain minutes of its meetings and records relating to those meetings.

#### **IV. DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE COMMITTEE**

In carrying out its duties and responsibilities, the Committee's policies and procedures should remain flexible, so that it may be in a position to best address, react or respond to changing circumstances or conditions. The following duties and responsibilities are within the authority of the Committee and the Committee shall, consistent with and subject to applicable law and rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC, the NYSE, or any other applicable regulatory authority:

##### ***Selection, Evaluation, and Oversight of the Auditors***

- (a) Be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the work of any registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attestation services for the Company, and each such registered public accounting firm must report directly to the Committee (the registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report for inclusion in the Company's Annual Report on Form 20-F is referred to herein as the "independent auditors");
- (b) Review and, in its sole discretion, approve in advance the Company's independent auditors' annual engagement letter, including the proposed fees contained therein, as well as all audit and, as provided in the Act and the SEC rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, all permitted non-audit engagements and relationships between the Company and such independent auditors (which approval should be made after receiving input from the Company's management, if desired). Approval of audit and permitted non-audit services will be made by the Committee or by one or more members of the Committee as shall be designated by the Committee or the chairperson of the Committee and the person(s) granting such approval shall report such approval to the Committee at the next scheduled meeting;
- (c) Review the performance of the Company's independent auditors, including the lead partner and reviewing partner of the independent auditors, and, in its sole discretion, make decisions regarding the replacement or termination of the independent auditors when circumstances warrant;
- (d) Obtain at least annually from the Company's independent auditors and review a report describing:
  - (i) the independent auditors' internal quality-control procedures;
  - (ii) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the independent auditors, or by any inquiry or investigation by any governmental or professional authority, within the preceding five years, respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the independent auditors, and any steps taken to deal with any such issues; and

- (iii) all relationships between the independent auditors and the Company (including a description of each category of services provided by the independent auditors to the Company and a list of the fees billed for each such category);

The Committee should present its conclusions with respect to the above matters, as well as its review of the lead partner and the reviewing partner of the independent auditors, and its views on whether there should be a regular rotation of the independent auditors, to the Board.

- (e) Evaluate the independence of the Company's independent auditors by, among other things:
  - (i) reviewing all relationships between the independent auditors and the Company as delineated in paragraph (d)(iii) above;
  - (ii) actively engaging in a dialogue with the Company's independent auditors with respect to any disclosed relationships or services that may impact the objectivity and independence of the auditors;
  - (iii) taking, or recommending that the Board take, appropriate action to oversee the independence of the Company's independent auditors;
  - (iv) monitoring compliance by the Company's independent auditors with the audit partner rotation requirements contained in the Act and the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC thereunder;
  - (v) monitoring compliance by the Company with the employee conflict of interest requirements contained in the Act and the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC thereunder; and
  - (vi) engaging in a dialogue with the independent auditors to confirm that audit partner compensation is consistent with applicable SEC rules.

#### ***Oversight of Annual Audit and Quarterly Reviews***

- (f) Review and discuss with the independent auditors their annual audit plan, including the timing and scope of audit activities, and monitor such plan's progress and results during the year;
- (g) Review with management, the Company's independent auditors and the director of the Company's internal auditing department, the following information which is required to be reported by the independent auditor:
  - (i) all critical accounting policies and practices to be used;
  - (ii) all alternative treatments of financial information that have been discussed by the independent auditors and management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditors;
  - (iii) all other material written communications between the independent

auditors and management, such as any management letter and any schedule of unadjusted differences; and

- (iv) any material financial arrangements of the Company which do not appear on the financial statements of the Company;
- (h) Review with management, the Company's independent auditors and, if appropriate, the Company's internal auditing department, the following:
  - (i) the Company's annual audited financial statements and quarterly financial statements, including the Company's disclosures under "Operating and Financial Review and Prospects," and any major issues related thereto;
  - (ii) major issues regarding accounting principles and financial statements presentations, including any significant changes in the Company's selection or application of accounting principles;
  - (iii) any analyses prepared by management and/or the independent auditors setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements, including analyses of the effects of alternative generally accepted accounting principles methods on the Company's financial statements; and
  - (iv) the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off-balance sheet structures, on the financial statements of the Company;
- (i) Review and discuss with the independent auditors the results of the year-end audit of the Company, including any comments or recommendations of the Company's independent auditors and, based on such review and discussions and on such other considerations as it determines appropriate, recommend to the Board whether the Company's financial statements should be included in the annual report on Form 20-F;
- (j) Resolve all disagreements between the Company's independent auditors and management regarding financial reporting;
- (k) Review on a regular basis with the Company's independent auditors any problems or difficulties encountered by the independent auditors in the course of any audit work, including management's response with respect thereto, any restrictions on the scope of the independent auditor's activities or on access to requested information, and any significant disagreements with management. In connection therewith, the Committee should review with the independent auditors the following:
  - (i) any accounting adjustments that were noted or proposed by the independent auditors but were rejected by management (as immaterial or otherwise);
  - (ii) any communications between the audit team and the independent auditor's national office respecting auditing or accounting issues presented by the engagement; and

- (iii) any “management” or “internal control” letter issued, or proposed to be issued, by the independent auditors to the Company;

***Oversight of Financial Reporting Process and Internal Controls***

- (l) Review:
  - (i) the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company’s accounting and internal control policies and procedures on a regular basis, including the responsibilities, budget, compensation and staffing of the Company’s internal audit function, through inquiry, discussions and periodic meetings with the Company’s independent auditors, management and the person in charge of internal auditing department and risk control department;
  - (ii) the yearly report prepared by management, and attested to by the Company’s independent auditors, assessing the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting and stating management’s responsibility for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting prior to its inclusion in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 20-F; and
  - (iii) the Committee’s level of involvement and interaction with the Company’s internal audit function, including the Committee’s line of authority and role in appointing and compensating employees in the internal audit function;
- (m) Review with the chief executive officer or president, chief financial officer and independent auditors, periodically, the following:
  - (i) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (ii) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company’s internal control over financial reporting;
- (n) Discuss guidelines and policies governing the process by which senior management of the Company and the relevant departments of the Company, including the internal auditing department, assess and manage the Company’s exposure to risk, as well as the Company’s major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures;
- (o) Review with management the progress and results of all internal audit projects, and, when deemed necessary or appropriate by the Committee, direct the Company’s chief executive officer to assign additional internal audit projects to the director of the Company’s internal auditing department;

- (p) Review with management the Company's administrative, operational and accounting internal controls, including any special audit steps adopted in light of the discovery of material control deficiencies;
- (q) Receive periodic reports from the Company's independent auditors, management and director of the Company's internal auditing department to assess the impact on the Company of significant accounting or financial reporting developments that may have a bearing on the Company;
- (r) Establish and maintain free and open means of communication between and among the Committee, the Company's independent auditors, the Company's internal auditing department and management, including providing such parties with appropriate opportunities to meet separately and privately with the Committee on a periodic basis;
- (s) Review the type and presentation of information to be included in the Company's earnings press releases (especially the use of "pro forma" or "adjusted" information not prepared in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles), as well as financial information and earnings guidance provided by the Company to analysts and rating agencies (which review may be done generally (i.e., discussion of the types of information to be disclosed and type of presentations to be made), and the Committee need not discuss in advance each earnings release or each instance in which the Company may provide earnings guidance);

***Miscellaneous***

- (t) Establish and implement clear hiring policies by the Company for employees or former employees of the Company's independent auditors;
- (u) Meet periodically when appropriate, to review legal and regulatory matters, including (i) any matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company and (ii) any matters involving potential or ongoing material violations of law or breaches of fiduciary duty by the Company or any of its directors, officers, employees, or agents or breaches of fiduciary duty to the Company;
- (v) Review the Company's policies relating to the ethical handling of conflicts of interest and review past or proposed transactions between the Company and members of management as well as policies and procedures with respect to officers' expense accounts and perquisites, including the use of corporate assets, and consider the results of any review of these policies and procedures by the Company's independent auditors;
- (w) Oversee the Company's Related Party Transactions Administrative Measures (the "Related Party Measures"), periodically review and evaluate the Related Party Measures and assess their adequacy, and review and approve any proposed transaction between the Company or any of its subsidiaries or consolidated affiliated entities and any related party as set forth in the Related Party Measures;

- (x) Review and approve in advance any services provided by the Company's independent auditors to the Company's executive officers or members of their immediate family;
- (y) Review the Company's program to monitor compliance with the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the "Code of Conduct"), and meet periodically with the Company's Compliance Committee to discuss compliance with the Code of Conduct;
- (z) Establish procedures for (i) the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, and (ii) the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters;
- (aa) Establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of reports of evidence of a material violation made by attorneys appearing and practicing before the SEC in the representation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or reports made by the Company's chief executive officer or general counsel in relation thereto;
- (bb) Secure independent expert advice to the extent the Committee determines it to be appropriate, including retaining, with or without Board approval, independent counsel, accountants, consultants or others, to assist the Committee in fulfilling its duties and responsibilities, the cost of such independent expert advisors to be borne by the Company;
- (cc) Annually evaluate the performance of the Committee and assess the adequacy of this charter; and
- (dd) Perform such additional activities, and consider such other matters, within the scope of its responsibilities, as the Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate.

## **V. INVESTIGATIONS AND STUDIES; OUTSIDE ADVISERS**

The Committee may conduct or authorize investigations into or studies of matters within the Committee's scope of responsibilities, and may retain, at the Company's expense, such independent counsel or other consultants or advisers as it deems necessary.

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While the Committee has the duties and responsibilities set forth in this charter, the Committee is not responsible for preparing or certifying the financial statements, for planning or conducting the audit, or for determining whether the Company's financial statements are complete and accurate and are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

In fulfilling their responsibilities hereunder, it is recognized that members of the Committee are not full-time employees of the Company, it is not the duty or responsibility of the Committee or its members to conduct "field work" or other types of auditing or accounting reviews or procedures or to set auditor independence standards, and each member of the Committee shall be entitled to rely on (i) the integrity of those persons and

organizations within and outside the Company from which it receives information and (ii) the accuracy of the financial and other information provided to the Committee absent actual knowledge to the contrary.

Nothing contained in this Charter is intended to create, or should be construed as creating, any responsibility or liability of the members of the Committee, except to the extent otherwise provided under applicable law.

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